UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Puerto Rico

United States of America)
v.	
) Case No. 25-mj-083 (HRV)
SILVERIO ARIAS-VASQUEZ)
Defendant)

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon t	he
	☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable
presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person
and the community because the following conditions have been met:
\square (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
(a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
(b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
(c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or
(e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
(2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was
committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
\square (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the
defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing
the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history □ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history □ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision □ History of violence or use of weapons □ History of alcohol or substance abuse □ Lack of stable employment
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history □ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision □ History of violence or use of weapons □ History of alcohol or substance abuse □ Lack of stable employment □ Lack of stable residence
 □ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. □ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: □ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong □ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history □ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision □ History of violence or use of weapons □ History of alcohol or substance abuse □ Lack of stable employment

AO 472 (F	Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial		
\boxtimes	Significant family or other ties ou	tside the United States	
	Lack of legal status in the United		
\boxtimes	_	after serving any period of incarceration	
	Prior failure to appear in court as	ordered	
	Prior attempt(s) to evade law enfo	preement	
	Use of alias(es) or false document	ts	
\boxtimes	Background information unknown	n or unverified	
	Prior violations of probation, parc	ole, or supervised release	
OTHER	REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLA	ANATION:	
Defenda	ant reserved right to re-open the hea	aring.	
	Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention		
The defe	endant is remanded to the custody of	of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative	
	•	parate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or	
		e defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation	
		t of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an	
	nce in connection with a court proce		
Date:	02/05/2025	s/ Héctor L. Ramos-Vega	
Luic.	02,00,2020	United States Magistrate Judge	